

# THE PLYMOUTH TRIBUNE.

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PLYMOUTH, INDIANA, THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1903.

NO. 28

## PARRY DENOUNCES THE LABOR UNIONS

### President National Manufacturers' Association Declares Them A Menace to Liberty.

## HEARERS HEARTILY IN AGGORD

### Need of New Labor Organization Declared Urgent by a Battle Creek, Mich., Man, Who Favors Modified Unionism.

New Orleans, April 15.—The first day's session of the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers ended without any definite indications as to whether the organization will adopt as its own the policy of aggressive hostility to union labor methods outlined by President D. M. Parry in his annual report. Parry's attitude on the labor question was the chief point of interest for the delegates, and it is declared, was the cause for the largest delegate representation in the history of the association. When Parry was introduced at the morning session he received a remarkable ovation, the 600 delegates rising and cheering him vigorously and repeatedly.

**Parry's Reception the Feature.**  
At numerous times during the day—in resolutions and in speeches—the matter of trades unionism came to the surface, but at no time was there any test vote by which the attitude of the convention was shown. The frequent outbursts of applause, however, showed intense feeling on the part of the members of the association. The feature of the day's reception was the spirited reception given President Parry. The delegates first applauded with vigorous handclapping, and as the enthusiasm grew men and women arose or climbed on their chairs, cheering lustily and waving hats and handkerchiefs. Parry responded briefly and then submitted his annual report, dealing largely with labor conditions.

**Fish of the President's Report.**  
Parry's report was a denunciation of organized labor from start to finish. He declared the trades unions had Chicago by the throat and that in that city they have reached a point where they have become a menace to all decent and law-abiding citizens. "Shocking industrial crimes are committed in that city in the name of the organized labor, but such is the paralyzed hand of the law that it is next to impossible to bring about a conviction of the misguided men who seek to better their own condition by destroying the property and lives of others. . . . It is needless for Chicago to deny it. The records of her own courts, of her own daily papers, show it. The suppressed yet indignant protests of her citizens have been and are passed unheeded. The voice of public conscience is hushed from terrorization."

**Says It Knows but One Law.**  
Further along he said: "Organized labor knows but one law, and that is the law of physical force—the law of the Hun and the vandals, the law of the savage. All its purposes are accomplished either by actual force or by the threat of force. It does not place its reliance in reason and justice, but in strikes, boycotts and coercion. It is, in all essential features, a mob-power, knowing no master except its own will, and is continually condemning or defying the constituted authorities."

### NEW LABOR ORGANIZATION WANTED

By a Battle Creek Man Who Says He Favors Unionism.

Following the president's message Marshall Cushing, national secretary, made his annual report, showing an increase in the association's membership for the last year of more than 100 per cent. After the luncheon recess Hamilton Carhart, of Michigan, national treasurer, reported a satisfactory and improved financial condition for the treasury. C. W. Post, of Battle Creek, Mich., originator of the Post check system, delivered an address on "The Tyranny of Trades Unions." He said in part: "In the gradual solution of the wage question and the establishment of the right of both parties labor unions became a necessity in order to curb the selfishness and injustice of some manufacturers, but such violent and desperate excesses have crept into operation of the labor unions that common safety demands a new union eliminating the faults of the old. "I protest against unnatural acts such as curtailment of production by the manufacturer to force lower wages on the employes, or by strikes to force higher wages on the employer. The conditions must be produced and governed by the natural law of commerce. I am decidedly in favor of union, with all the underbrush cleared out—a union that will help the people keep—"

fact that all the great lake dredging firms are banded together in the Great Lakes Dredge and Dock Companies' Protective association. The strike was declared against Chicago contractors, but looks like it was general. The executive committee of the employers is here, but has made no offer to the strikers, and \$4,000,000 of work is tied up at various points.

### CLEVELAND ON THE NEGRO

Declares No One Can Make a Mistake in Supporting Booker T. Washington's Work at Tuskegee.

New York, April 15.—Ex-President Cleveland was the principal speaker at a meeting held in the concert hall of Madison Square garden in the interests of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute. Among those on the platform with Cleveland were Mayor Low (who presided), Booker T. Washington, and Dr. Lyman Abbott. Mrs. Cleveland sat in the gallery with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, who are Cleveland's hosts while he is in the city. Cleveland, who was greeted with prolonged applause as he was introduced by Mayor Low, said in closing: "In summing up the whole matter there is one thing which we can be absolutely and unreservedly certain. When we aid Tuskegee institute and agencies like it, striving for the mental and manual education of the negro at the south, we are in every point of view rendering him the best possible service. Whatever may be his ultimate destiny, we are thus helping to fit him for filling his place and bearing its responsibilities."

The ex-president introduced Professor Washington to the audience, and in doing so said: "I have to introduce to you a man too well known by every man in the United States, a man who has been spoken of too frequently and too favorably for it to be necessary for me to say more than—here is Booker T. Washington."

### DEATH OF ABNER TAYLOR

One-Time Representative in Congress from Chicago, Dies at the National Capital.

Washington, April 14.—Ex-Representative Abner Taylor, of Chicago, is dead, aged 74 years. He had been ill for several weeks with a complication of diseases. Taylor was a native of Maine. Previous to his election to congress he had been in active business all his life as contractor, builder and merchant.

He served, from the first district of Illinois, in the Fifty-first and Fifty-second congresses. At one time he was reputed to be wealthy, but it is believed he lost a considerable part of his fortune. He had made this city his home for several years.

### DEATH WAS IN THE GUN

Washington, April 14.—Admiral Higginson's report to the navy department upon the fatal explosion on the Iowa last Thursday shows that a defective shell was not the cause. He says: "The inner tube presents a fracture, but on none of the pieces, into which the muzzle of the gun broke up, are the grooves indented or scored as in the case of a bursting shell. The gun, I am informed, had been fired 127 times previous to the discharge in which the accident occurred."

### THREE DROWNED IN THE GULL

Galveston, Tex., April 14.—The Southern Pacific steamer El Rio ran down and sank the schooner Margaret L. Ward, twenty-eight miles east of Galveston bay. Two children of Captain McKown, of the schooner, and one man were lost.

### LETTER INVITED TO SPEAK

Little Rock, Ark., April 14.—The senate has adopted a resolution inviting William H. Hearst, of New York, to address the general assembly on the issues of the day at such time as may suit his convenience before April 30.

### STOLEN IN THE HOOPERVILLE

Washington, April 14.—The delegations from four wards of Omaha who last Saturday "bolted" the Republican convention, gathered with 500 citizens at Washington hall and nominated Ernest A. Benson, a prominent real estate man, for mayor. No other nominations were made. Dr. W. H. Christie, who presided, stated that it was not a convention but a mass meeting of citizens.

### LYNCHED AN INNOCENT NEGRO

New Orleans, April 15.—The Times-Democrat's Shreveport special says: "It has been established beyond any doubt that the negro who was killed Saturday, and whose body was burned at an early hour Sunday morning, as the murderer of Mrs. Alice Matthews, was innocent of the crime."

### ROBBERS IN THE HOOPERVILLE

Washington, April 14.—Owing to the fact that Master Archie Roosevelt has the measles the usual gathering of cabinet children and other small friends at the White House for the egg rolling was omitted.

## HONORS TO JEFFERSON

Hoar and Bryan Speak at the Same Banquet Board in His Memory.

Washington, April 14.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, Senator Hoar and Governor Montague (of Virginia) and ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith (of Philadelphia) were the principal speakers at a dinner given at the Hotel Barton under the auspices of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association, in celebration of the 100th anniversary of the birth of the author of the Declaration of Independence. About 140 guests were present. A feature of the musical programme was the rendition of a march by Leader Santelman, of the Marine band, entitled "The Thomas Jefferson March." H. B. F. MacFarland, president of the District commissioners, presided and Thomas Nelson Page acted as toastmaster. The dinner was not of a political character.

## ALL POLITICAL SECTS CLAIM HIM

And All Defend Their Policies by Citing His Words or His Acts, Says Hoar.

Washington, April 14.—The author of the Declaration of Independence, in the course of his speech he said: "If we want a sure proof of Thomas Jefferson's greatness it will be found in the fact that men of every variety of political opinion, however far asunder, find confirmation of their doctrine in him. Every party in this country today reckons Jefferson as its patron saint. In my youth the political abolitionists made appeals to Jefferson the burden of their song. In the late discussion which rent the country, about the Philippine islands one side quoted what Mr. Jefferson said, in the Declaration of Independence, and the other what they thought he did in the acquisition of Louisiana."

## WAS A MANY-SIDED MAN

Senator Hoar responded to the toast "The Author of the Declaration of Independence." In the course of his speech he said: "If we want a sure proof of Thomas Jefferson's greatness it will be found in the fact that men of every variety of political opinion, however far asunder, find confirmation of their doctrine in him. Every party in this country today reckons Jefferson as its patron saint. In my youth the political abolitionists made appeals to Jefferson the burden of their song. In the late discussion which rent the country, about the Philippine islands one side quoted what Mr. Jefferson said, in the Declaration of Independence, and the other what they thought he did in the acquisition of Louisiana."

## ALL POLITICAL SECTS QUOTE HIM

"Every political sect finds its political doctrine in Jefferson, almost as every religious sect finds its doctrines in the sayings of the Savior of mankind. The friend of state rights calls attention to the fact that Jefferson spoke of the government of the United States as the 'agency at Washington.' The abolitionists quote the great declaration and his famous utterance against slavery. 'I tremble for my country when I reflect that God is just.'"

## BOTH FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION

"The supporter of a protective tariff claims him as the highest protectionist in our history, appealing to his desire that there might be a 'wall around our country which should keep out all foreign manufactures.' The free trader maintains that the spirit of everything he said and everything he did teach the doctrine of unlimited freedom in all human conduct, except so far as may be helpful for the restraint of actual crime."

## STAND FOR RELIGIOUS LIBERTY

Bryan Discusses That Subject and Smith the Louisiana Purchase.

Bryan, who was the last speaker on the programme, addressed himself to "The Statute for Religious Freedom." He concluded as follows: "To Jefferson the doctrine of free speech and freedom of opinion applied to everything, because he rightly understood that no censorship of opinion could be permitted that would not be more dangerous to truth than to error; for those who are conscious of the righteousness of their cause are not so apt to invoke force in defense of their opinions as those who are conscious of error, and who, recognizing their inability to defend their views by reason, fall back upon coercion. In the preamble of the act of 1786 it is stated, first, that the propagation of religion by force is contrary to the plan of God, the author of our religion; secondly, that the right of religious freedom is called to the fact that the Almighty 'being Lord both of the body and the mind, yet chose not to propagate it by coercions of either.' "Jefferson recognized that the Christian religion rested upon love, and that love is the very antithesis of violence and the brute force. It is well to remember that the Declaration of Independence itself rests upon the same foundation which supports our religion, namely love, and those who deny the doctrine of human brotherhood are not apt to respect the creed of inalienable rights and natural equality embodied in the Declaration of Independence and the constitution of the United States. Jefferson was the greatest statesman known to history."

## POSTAL RECEIPTS FOR A QUARTER

Washington, April 14.—The gross receipts of the postal service for the quarter ended Dec. 31, 1902, were \$35,223,094 and the expenditures \$34,586,480.

## WRECKED AND FOUR HURT

Mansfield, O., April 14.—The east-bound limited on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad was wrecked at Dillon's crossing, a few miles north of this city. The heavy rains had undermined the tracks where there was a culvert. The injured were: Mrs. H. S. Straley and infant child, of Fort Wayne; Mrs. Mary Stanley, of Baltimore; and Frank C. Miller, en route from Emporia, Kan., to Pittsburg.

## ARRANGED TO STOP AT METROPOLIS

Metropolis, Ill., April 15.—It is probable that the United States monitor Arkansas will stop here on her way down the Ohio river Sunday afternoon of Monday morning.

## IN A STATE OF WAR

Harbor Front at Buffalo, on Account of the Strike of Firemen and Oilers.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 14.—Police are stationed along Buffalo's harbor front to prevent serious outbreaks on the part of the striking firemen and oilers and their sympathizers. Two men were assaulted in Coit street and a riot was narrowly averted at the foot of Erie street.

## FIREMEN AND OILERS ARE BEING IMPORTED

From the seaboard in large numbers, and serious trouble may occur when the boats carrying non-union men arrive from Chicago. An effort is being made to bring a settlement of the strike, but the men and the Lake Carriers' association are so far apart in their views that there is little hope of success. The kidnapers Sunday night did not get five men, the fifth fireman having eluded them by hiding in the bunkers.

## FIVE MINERS ARE DEAD

Explosion in an Indian Territory Pit Puts in Jeopardy the Lives of Seventy-Five Men.

South McAlester, I. T., April 14.—Five men were killed and two severely burned by a gas explosion in mine 77, of the Kansas and Texas Coal company, at Carbon, I. T. The victims are the following: Dead—Floyd Oder, George Teek, Frank McMullin, Jerry Kincaid and O. A. Fieldse. The injured—Robert McCrany and Ben Hamilton.

## CAUSE OF THE EXPLOSION IS UNKNOWN

Seventy-five men were in the mine, but all escaped injury except the seven who were working in the chamber where the explosion occurred. All of the dead miners except McMullin had families.

## BULGARIANS ARE BEAUTIES

Alleged Christians That Emulate the Worst Charge Against the "Unspeaking" Turk.

London, April 15.—The Times correspondent at Constantinople, in a dispatch dated April 11, says the latest Bulgarian achievement is the total destruction of a small village of exclusively Mussulman population. One hundred and sixty-five persons, with the exception of a very few who escaped by flight, were massacred. The women were subjected to indescribable mutilation.

## TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE

St. Joseph, Mich., April 15.—George Smith, living in the village of Water-villet, was lodged in the county jail in this city, charged with attempted murder of his wife and 19-year-old son. Smith visited St. Joseph and returned to his home during the night in an ugly mood over the failure of a business transaction. It is alleged he went to the woodshed, secured a hatchet, and returned to his wife's bedroom and attempted to assault her with the hatchet.

## SENATOR NEWLANDS' DAUGHTER MARRIED

Washington, April 15.—The marriage of Miss Edythe Newlands, the eldest daughter of Senator Newlands, of Nevada, to Charles Johnson, of this city, took place here. Only the members of the bride's family witnessed the ceremony.

## MINE WILL BE FLOODED

Nova Scotians Let the Ocean Run in to Put out a Fire—Millions of Gallons Needed.

Sydney, N. S., April 13.—Through a sluice cut from a dam made on the shore of the Atlantic ocean and opening into the old workings, water is now pouring into the burning colliery No. 1 of the Dominion Coal company at the rate of nearly 3,500,000 gallons an hour.

## PIT IS FLOODED UP TO THE SEVENTH LEVEL

and there are four more levels to be flooded before the fire is reached. This will require an estimated 450,000,000 gallons of water, and will take the best part of this week to obtain.

## SHERWELL RELEASED AT LAST

Evansville, Ind., April 13.—Wilbur S. Sherwell, who was charged with the murder of three women, has been released and will be sent to his former home at Monroeville, O., where his aged mother resides. His health is broken and his physicians say he may not recover.

## DR. LORENZ IS ON THIS SHIP

New York, April 15.—Dr. Adolf Lorenz, who during his last visit to the United States performed a number of bloodless surgical operations, has arrived here from Austria. He goes to Chicago to remove the cast from the hip of Lolita Armour, daughter of J. Ogden Armour, to operate upon whom he made his first visit to this country.

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## QUESTION OF SANITY

IN THE CHASE CASE

Courts Are Now Asked to Settle the Dispute Over Custody of Lafayette Millionaire.

## HE PASSED THE HAT FOR THEM

Elderly Man Works New Graft at a Salvation Army Meeting—Old Rusty Gun That Was Still Exceedingly Active.

Lafayette, Ind., April 15.—Moses Fowler Chase, the young Lafayette millionaire who has been confined in an insane asylum in Paris for four years by his aunt, Mrs. Charles H. Duhme, and who has just arrived in New York, where he was met by his father, Fred S. Chase, will arrive in Lafayette Friday, and will be taken before Judge De Hart, when his father will make application to be appointed guardian of his son's person. Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Duhme, of Cincinnati, will also be in Lafayette with their attorneys and will contest the appointment of Fred S. Chase, who was recently made guardian of his son's property in Indiana.

## LAWYER DECLINES TO TALK

Kumler & Gaylor, attorneys for Mr. and Mrs. Duhme, would not talk further than to say that they were waiting for the boy to appear in Lafayette. It was said that the story that the Duhmes had sailed from New York for Paris, and had passed young Chase on the Atlantic, is not true. The Duhmes are at their home in Cincinnati, and the local attorneys had a conference with them last Sunday.

## HIS SANITY THE FIRST QUESTION

The first thing to be decided in connection with the Chase case, after the boy reaches here, is the question of his sanity. The jurisdiction of three courts will also have to be disposed of. The Tippecanoe and Hamilton (O.) circuit courts have held that young Chase is not insane, while the Benton circuit court appointed Fred Chase guardian of his son.

## LITIGATION AT INDIANAPOLIS

It is probable that the Moses Fowler Chase case will come up in the federal court at Indianapolis during the early part of May, as the result of a bill that was filed in the federal court, March 21, asking that the uncle and aunt of the boy, Mr. and Mrs. Duhme, be ordered to appear before the court and explain all business transactions that had taken place between them and young Chase. The bill was filed by the father of the boy.

## HE WORKED A NEW "GRAFT"

Elderly Man Passes the Hat at a Salvation Army Meeting and Then Gets Away.

Kokomo, Ind., April 15.—A new "graft" was worked on the streets here at night. Four women of the Salvation Army were used as a shield by the sharper. The army people have been singing and talking to large crowds every evening, and at the conclusion of each song service the girls pass their baskets for a collection. Just before they finished the service, an elderly man, with a pathetic and appealing face, passed his hat among the listeners in the street. He received a liberal donation. The hat was passed several times before men in the crowd began to grow suspicious. The girls said that they had authorized no one to pass the hat for them. The discovery was made too late, however, for the man had disappeared.

## SHOWED HOW THE GUN WORKED

Rockville, Ind., April 15.—Jesse Boyd, 23 years old, who lives three miles west of Rockville, was seriously, if not fatally, wounded by a shot from a revolver. His friend, Clarence Owens, was passing the farm house, and stopped to talk. He showed an old, rusty revolver, which contained one shell. In showing how the weapon worked it was discharged. The bullet struck Boyd in the breast, and could not be located. Boyd is very low, and has slight chance for recovery.

## NOTABLE COINCIDENCES IN BIRTH

Indianapolis, April 15.—A. S. Mount is dead, aged 81. He was for many years a wholesale leather merchant here. He was born in 1822, in Clermont county, O. In a neighboring house, the same year, Ulysses S. Grant was born. The elder Mount and the elder Grant were both tanners, and the two boys, after being reared together, were put to work in their fathers' separate tan yards.

## TOWN THREATENED FOR BURNING ONLY

Montgomery, Ind., April 15.—William Brown, a merchant, has received a letter from unknown persons warning the citizens that unless they place a glass jar containing \$2,500 at the end

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## STABBED AN OFFICER AND GOT SHOT

Bedford, Ind., April 15.—Frank Turner forged a check for \$25 at Oolitic and cashed it at the Louisville Store company. Marshal Joe Pace went to arrest him and he knocked the officer down, stabbing him and took away his club. The officer shot him through the lungs. Both are in a critical condition.

## EXPERT ROBBERS LOOT A CHURCH

They Take Chairs, Tables, Hymn Books, Bibles and Other Property—No Clue to Them.

Marion, Ind., April 14.—The First Presbyterian church was entered by unknown robbers during the week and over 100 chairs, three tables, hymn books, Bibles and other articles stolen. Services had not been held in the church for several days and when the janitor went to the building Sunday morning he discovered that nearly everything in the lecture room of the church had been taken.

Several wagon loads of goods were taken. The church is situated in the central part of the city in the business district, and no one has been found who saw any of the goods removed. The officers of the church, the police and detectives are attempting to get a clue to the robbery, but so far have failed to do so.

## ANOTHER SEVERE STORM

Indianapolis, April 14.—Another disastrous storm swept Indiana. At Bloomfield Greenville Tally was carried away, with his horse and buggy, on account of the sudden rise of Richmond creek. At Washington four inches of water fell. The lightning did great damage to barns and stock. In Jay county the damage by lightning was also heavy, a dozen houses and barns being burned.

## HEAVY RAIN IS FATAL

Henryville, Ind., April 14.—A heavy rain flooded this part of Clark county and did great damage. The heavy fall of water has extended north as far as Sellersburg and Seymour. County Commissioner Raymond and wife were drowned while crossing Blue Lick creek after church. The waters had risen so rapidly that the buggy was swept away. Both bodies were recovered.

## ROBBERS STATE SHORT-CUTS

Muncie.—A despondent over lack of work, John Burke committed suicide by taking strychnine.

## NEWCASTLE

Newcastle.—Local clerks will form a union for mutual protection and to secure shorter hours.

## TERRE HAUTS

Terre Hauts.—State Senator Roche, of Mount Vernon, was in the city recently, and said he would be a candidate for governor.

## PERU—EMANUEL RUNNELS, OF NEW WAVERLY, IS SLOWLY DYING FROM A CANCER IN THE MOUTH

Wabash.—Mrs. Crissy Gwinner, formerly Miss Crissy Winger, of Decatur, has fallen heir to \$100,000 in Kansas.

## BOLTONS' NAME A MAN FOR MAYOR

Omaha, April 14.—The delegations from four wards of Omaha who last Saturday "bolted" the Republican convention, gathered with 500 citizens at Washington hall and nominated Ernest A. Benson, a prominent real estate man, for mayor. No other nominations were made. Dr. W. H. Christie, who presided, stated that it was not a convention but a mass meeting of citizens.

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